

**Shyam-Vidya Ayurved P.G. Entrance Coaching Center, Bhopal (M.P.)  
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- (1) According to Caraka which mahabootha is not necessary in punarjanam -
  - (A) Akaś
  - (B) Vayu
  - (C) Agni
  - (D) Pruthvi
- (2) Which is Auloukya darśana -
  - (A) Nyaya
  - (B) Vaisheshik
  - (C) Sankhya
  - (D) Yoga
- (3) Bhoomika of Chitta is
  - (A) Anu
  - (B) Ekatva
  - (C) Ekagra
  - (D) None
- (4) Pracheentam siddhanta of ayurveda is
  - (A) Tridośa
  - (B) Panchamahabootha
  - (C) Darśana
  - (D) Both a & b
- (5) Nastik darśana is
  - (A) Nyaya darśana
  - (B) Vaisheshik darśana
  - (C) Mimansa darśana
  - (D) Charvak darśana
- (6) Jain darśana follow
  - (A) Kshanbhangurvād
  - (B) Anekantvād
  - (C) Ārambhavād
  - (D) Vivartvād
- (7) Number of padarth according to navya nyaya are
  - (A) 6
  - (B) 7
  - (C) 16
  - (D) 25
- (8) According to Cakrapani auśadha is
  - (A) Ras pradhan
  - (B) Virya pradhan
  - (C) Vipaka pradhan
  - (D) Guna pradhan
- (9) Manushya is
  - (A) Swedaja
  - (B) Andayuja
  - (C) Jarayuja
  - (D) Audbhiva
- (10) Total number of dravya sangraha is
  - (A) 2
  - (B) 6
  - (C) 9
  - (D) 12

- (11) The origin of jal is from  
(A) Akaś  
(B) Vayu  
(C) Agni  
(D) Pruthvi
- (12) 'Mar' is  
(A) Stage of jal  
(B) Stage of death  
(C) Type of jal  
(D) Type of death
- (13) According to Yoginath Sen total number of gunas are  
(A) 40  
(B) 41  
(C) 42  
(D) 43
- (14) Tikśna guna is for  
(A) Samśodhana  
(B) Samśamana  
(C) Shośana  
(D) Kshalana
- (15) Rukśa guna is for  
(A) Samśodhana  
(B) Samśamana  
(C) Shośana  
(D) Kshalana
- (16) Titikśa is  
(A) Sātvik man guna  
(B) Rājasik man guna  
(C) Tamasik man guna  
(D) Desire
- (17) According to sushrut 1 yug is equal to  
(A) 1 year  
(B) 2 year  
(C) 5 year  
(D) 10 year
- (18) Cheśta praman is given by  
(A) Pouranik  
(B) Cakrapani  
(C) Tantrik  
(D) Vedānt
- (19) Aatur pareeksha is -  
(A) Dośa  
(B) Vyadhi  
(C) Bal  
(D) All the above
- (20) Types of lakshana are -  
(A) 2  
(B) 3  
(C) 4  
(D) None of these

- (21) Arthapatti praman is given by  
(A) Nyaya  
(B) Sankhya  
(C) Vedānt  
(D) Prabhakar mimansak
- (22) Pravartak of Satkaryavād  
(A) Sankhya  
(B) Nyaya  
(C) Vaisheshik  
(D) Baudh
- (23) Peelupaka is followed by  
(A) Nyaya  
(B) Vaisheshik  
(C) Mimansa  
(D) Charvak
- (24) In dashvidh pariksha the Karyaphala is  
(A) Sukh prapti  
(B) Āyu prapti  
(C) Yash prapti  
(D) Arth prapti
- (25) According to Sushruta vikars are  
(A) 10  
(B) 7  
(C) 8  
(D) 16
- (26) Prakrati & vikrati is  
(A) 1  
(B) 7  
(C) 8  
(D) 16
- (27) Total number of tachshilya are  
(A) 7  
(B) 17  
(C) 21  
(D) 37
- (28) Shape of ethamoid bone is  
(A) Seive like  
(B) Wing like  
(C) Hole like  
(D) Shell like
- (29) Largest nutrient artery supply to which bone  
(A) Ulnar bone  
(B) Radial bone  
(C) Tibial bone  
(D) Femoral bone
- (30) Which part of the body remains empty after death -  
(A) The bladder and bowels  
(B) Stomach  
(C) Heart  
(D) All

- (31) As a complication from severe burns “curling ulcer” are found in -
- (A) Duodenum
  - (B) Skin
  - (C) Hand
  - (D) Neck
- (32) Undermined edge of ulcer is found in
- (A) Leprosy
  - (B) T.B.
  - (C) Diabetic ulcer
  - (D) None
- (33) Weight of kidney in adult male is
- (A) 2-4 ounce
  - (B) 4-6 ounce
  - (C) 6-8 ounce
  - (D) 1-2 ounce
- (34) Leinorenal ligament is present between
- (A) Spleen & kidney
  - (B) Liver & kidney
  - (C) Liver & Spleen
  - (D) All the above
- (35) Smallest part of penis is
- (A) Membranous
  - (B) Urethral
  - (C) Prostate
  - (D) Glans penis
- (36) Blood Supply to mammary gland
- (A) Internal thoracic artery
  - (B) Axillary artery
  - (C) Intercostal arteries
  - (D) All of these
- (37) Which nerve is not related with the eye movement -
- (A) II
  - (B) III
  - (C) IV
  - (D) VI
- (38) Which is not a part of basal ganglia
- (A) Dentate nuclei
  - (B) Striatum
  - (C) Substantia nigra
  - (D) Globus pallidus
- (39) Vitelline duct is a remnant of
- (A) Ductous arteriosus
  - (B) Ductous venosus
  - (C) Ligamentum teres
  - (D) All
- (40) Gartner’s duct is found in
- (A) Wall of vagina
  - (B) Wall of cervix
  - (C) Isthmus
  - (D) Uterus

- (41) Barium meals is a procedure to diagnosis of structural and motility abnormalities of
- (A) Esophagus
  - (B) Stomuch
  - (C) Duodenum
  - (D) All upper gastrointestinal tract
- (42) Foramen transversarium is present in
- (A) Thoracic vertebrae
  - (B) Lumbar vertebrae
  - (C) Sacral vertebrae
  - (D) Cervical vertebrae
- (43) CSF pressure is
- (A) 40-80 mm of Hg
  - (B) 50-150 mm of Hg
  - (C) 80-180 mm of Hg
  - (D) 150-220 mm of Hg
- (44) Pudendal root value is
- (A) Coccygeal nerve
  - (B) S<sub>3,4,5</sub> + Coccygeal
  - (C) S<sub>2,3,4</sub>
  - (D) S<sub>4</sub> S<sub>5</sub> + Coccygeal
- (45) Cholinergic receptor is
- (A) Pre ganglionic part of sympathetic nerve
  - (B) Preganglionic part of parasympathetic nerve
  - (C) Post ganglionic part of sympathetic nerve
  - (D) All
- (46) The facial muscle responsible for closing your mouth -
- (A) Temporalis
  - (B) Masseter
  - (C) Medial pterygold
  - (D) All
- (47) Slightly movable joint is
- (A) Synarthrous
  - (B) Amphiarthrous
  - (C) Diarthrous
  - (D) None
- (48) Adverse effect of Anti tubercular drugs Pyrazinamide is -
- (A) Neurotoxicity
  - (B) Hepato toxicity
  - (C) Renal failure
  - (D) Optic neuritis
- (49) Strongest ligament of body is
- (A) Ileo femoral
  - (B) Spring
  - (C) Deltoid
  - (D) Ligamentum arteriosum
- (50) Broca's area is found in
- (A) Temporal part
  - (B) Post central gyrus
  - (C) Inferior frontal gyrus
  - (D) None

- (51) Bhudhatri is the synonym of  
(A) Bibhitak  
(B) Punarnava  
(C) Bhumayamlaki  
(D) Chavya
- (52) Prabhava of Sahadevi is  
(A) Visaghna  
(B) Balya  
(C) Mutral  
(D) Jwaraghna
- (53) According to vagbhatta dravya's yoni is  
(A) Lasika  
(B) Rakta  
(C) Ras  
(D) Jal
- (54) On whom prabhava of auśadha occur  
(A) Rog  
(B) Rogi  
(C) Bhishak  
(D) Kaal
- (55) Taxonomically Udumber is  
(A) Herb  
(B) Shrub  
(C) Tree  
(D) Creeper
- (56) According to Carak usefull parts of plant is  
(A) 12  
(B) 16  
(C) 18  
(D) 20
- (57) Swalpa triphala is  
(A) Gambhari, Kharjur, Parushak  
(B) Gambhari, Kharjur, Draksha  
(C) Jatiphal, Pugphal, Lavanga  
(D) Kaśmarya, Gambhari, Kharjur
- (58) Trikarshik is  
(A) Mustak, śunthi, apamarg  
(B) Mustak, śunthi, ativiśa  
(C) Vidang, mustak, chitrak  
(D) Gambhari, kharjur, draksha
- (59) Ras of Ativiśa is  
(A) Madhura  
(B) Katu  
(C) Tikta  
(D) Kashaya
- (60) According to Carak Skandh of Brahati is  
(A) Madhura  
(B) Katu  
(C) Tikta  
(D) Kashaya

- (61) Rasa & vipaka of adra pippali is  
(A) Madhura, Madhura  
(B) Madhura, Katu  
(C) Katu, Katu  
(D) Katu, Madhura
- (62) Best rasa in guru guna  
(A) Madhura  
(B) Katu  
(C) Tikta  
(D) Kashaya
- (63) Karma of maricha is  
(A) Stambhan  
(B) Vikasi  
(C) Pramathi  
(D) Abhiśyandi
- (64) Useful part of Lakucha is  
(A) Epicarp  
(B) Mesocarp  
(C) Endocarp  
(D) All
- (65) Which part of mayaphala is used as medicine  
(A) Stem  
(B) Tuber  
(C) Stigma  
(D) Gall
- (66) Drug which is madhur rasa but not brahamiya & kaphakaraka  
(A) Bala  
(B) Barley  
(C) Honey  
(D) Shatavari
- (67) Drug which is used as aushadha & lord's prayer is  
(A) Shallaki  
(B) Bilva  
(C) Brahmi  
(D) Vacha
- (68) Who includes Dravyaguna in 8 parts of Ayurveda  
(A) Priyavrat Sharma  
(B) Bhavamishra  
(C) kaeyadev  
(D) Rajnighantu
- (69) Ādhunik nighantu kaha hai  
(A) Priya nighantu  
(B) Madanpala nighantu  
(C) Raj nighantu  
(D) Bhavaprakash nighantu
- (70) Which drug is not included in Trimada  
(A) Vidanga  
(B) Mustak  
(C) Chavya  
(D) Chitrak

- (71) Who said that – Parinama lakshananam vipaka  
(A) Carak  
(B) Vagbhatta  
(C) Parashar  
(D) Nagarjuna
- (72) According to Suśruta bhoutika sangathana of amla rasa is  
(A) Pruthvi+agni  
(B) Jal+agni  
(C) Pruthvi+Jal  
(D) Vayu+agni
- (73) Badhavidmutra is found in  
(A) Katu vipaka  
(B) Amla vipaka  
(C) Madhur vipaka  
(D) All
- (74) According to Nimi number of Virya are  
(A) 3  
(B) 5  
(C) 11  
(D) 15
- (75) Roapana karma is indicated in which rasa  
(A) Madhura  
(B) Katu  
(C) Tikta  
(D) Kashaya
- (76) Toothache tree is  
(A) Salvadora persica  
(B) Zanthoxylum alatum  
(C) Madhuka indica  
(D) Celastrus peniculatus
- (77) Which drug possess anulomana karma  
(A) Haritiki  
(B) katuki  
(C) Bibhitki  
(D) Nagkesar
- (78) Bakuchi is  
(A) Virechaka  
(B) Shivtrakushtaghna  
(C) kushtaghna  
(D) Vishaghna
- (79) In shivtra sansrana is done from  
(A) Āragwadh  
(B) malpu  
(C) Kutaki  
(D) Snuhi
- (80) Soma roga is firstly told in  
(A) Vaidik kaal  
(B) Charak  
(C) Bhavaprakash  
(D) Sharangdhara



**(81) According to bhel number of Intities of oja is**

- (A) 8
- (B) 12
- (C) 7
- (D) 9

**(82) Meaning of “tuvar” is**

- (A) Amla
- (B) Tikta
- (C) Kashaya
- (D) Madhur

**(83) Madhura, amla, lavana rasa is**

- (A) Vata pacifiers
- (B) Kapha vitiator
- (C) Both a,b
- (D) None

**(84) Katu rasa of pippali pacifies which dosha**

- (A) Vata
- (B) Pitta
- (C) Kapha
- (D) All

**(85) Aim of Yogasiddhi is**

- (A) Jeevan mukti
- (B) Arogya
- (C) Esvarya
- (D) All

**(86) Which lepa is used in Shilipada**

- (A) Valmik mratika
- (B) Sarśapa tail
- (C) Pinda tail
- (D) Eranda tail

**(87) Rasa sindura is the combination of**

- (A) Parada, gandhaka
- (B) Parada, saidhava, swarna
- (C) Parada, khatika
- (D) Parada, saidhava,hartaal

**(88) Percentage of swarna in swarna vanga is**

- (A) 1 %
- (B) 2 %
- (C) 3 %
- (D) None

**(89) Types of Abhraka is**

- (A) 4
- (B) 6
- (C) 7
- (D) 8

**(90) Another name of Vaikrant is**

- (A) Calomel
- (B) Alum
- (C) Flourspar
- (D) Realgar

- (91) Chemical formula of swarna makshik is  
(A)  $\text{Cu}_2\text{SFe}_2\text{S}_3$   
(B)  $\text{Fe}_2\text{S}_3$   
(C)  $\text{Cu}_2\text{S}$   
(D) All
- (92) Mainly purification of vimala is done by  
(A) Katutumbi  
(B) Yavakshara  
(C) Ātarushaka  
(D) Kulatha
- (93) Smell in gomutra Gandhi shilajatu is due to  
(A)  $\text{KNO}_3$   
(B) Hippuric acid  
(C)  $\text{ZnCO}_3$   
(D) All
- (94) Internally shilajatu is administered with  
(A) Gomutra  
(B) Takra  
(C) Toya  
(D) All
- (95) Sukratunda is the type of  
(A) Gandhaka  
(B) Shilajatu  
(C) Hingula  
(D) Parada
- (96)  $\text{FeSO}_4$  is  
(A) Kaśiś  
(B) Tutha  
(C) Gairik  
(D) Hartaal
- (97) Neelanjana is  
(A)  $\text{ZnO}$   
(B)  $\text{PbS}$   
(C)  $\text{Sb}_2\text{S}_3$   
(D)  $\text{ZnS}$
- (98) Agnijaar is  
(A) Shell of watery animal  
(B) Dry fecal of whale  
(C) Something burning  
(D) None
- (99) In bronze ratio between copper & tin is  
(A) 4:1  
(B) 2:1  
(C) 1:4  
(D) 1:2
- (100) Use of manikya is in  
(A) Swas  
(B) Jwara  
(C) Shirashool  
(D) Chardi

**(101) Pearl content other than Calcium carbonate (CaCO<sub>3</sub>)**

- (A) Conchiolin
- (B) Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>
- (C) both
- (D) none

**(102) Praval is related to which graham**

- (A) Chandra
- (B) Budha
- (C) Shukra
- (D) Kuj

**(103) Quantity of vajra bhasma is**

- (A) 1-2 mg
- (B) 2-4 mg
- (C) 4-8 mg
- (D) 10-20 mg

**(104) Choornodaka is**

- (A) Khatika
- (B) Sudha
- (C) Shukti
- (D) None

**(105) Use of Badarashm is in**

- (A) Swas kas
- (B) Hadruya rog
- (C) Shirashool
- (D) Ashmari

**(106) Use of shwetaparpati is in**

- (A) Jwara
- (B) Ashmari
- (C) Mutrakracha
- (D) Shirashool

**(107) Srotodushti occurs in which stage of shadkriyakaal**

- (A) 2<sup>nd</sup>
- (B) 3<sup>rd</sup>
- (C) 4<sup>th</sup>
- (D) 5<sup>th</sup>

**(108) Asrak kshaya is a hetu of**

- (A) Ardit
- (B) Pakshaghata
- (C) Hanumoksha
- (D) murcha

**(109) Chayavan is the karma of**

- (A) Rasa
- (B) Rakta
- (C) Majja
- (D) Sukra

**(110) Purvaroop occurs in which stage of shadkriyakaal**

- (A) 2<sup>nd</sup>
- (B) 3<sup>rd</sup>
- (C) 4<sup>th</sup>
- (D) 5<sup>th</sup>

- (111) Symptoms of phaldayi shukra -  
(A) Sukla, bahu  
(B) bahalam, madhur  
(C) Guru, pichchhila  
(D) All
- (112) Types of phakka roga  
(A) 2  
(B) 3  
(C) 4  
(D) 5
- (113) Treatment of pārgarbhik roga is  
(A) Vamana  
(B) Deepana  
(C) Pachana  
(D) Brahana
- (114) According to charak the cow having vajikaraka milk  
(A) Rohini  
(B) Kapila  
(C) Krishna  
(D) Both a & c
- (115) “Bahumutatra” is symptom of  
(A) Aamaj jwar  
(B) Pravaddha Aamvat  
(C) Aamvat  
(D) Both a & B
- (116) The name of dantaroga aushadha in children is  
(A) Meshshringi  
(B) Neem  
(C) Bakul  
(D) Karkatshringi
- (117) The drug used for gudapaka in children is  
(A) Changeri ghrita  
(B) Sukumar ghrita  
(C) Rasanjan  
(D) None
- (118) Treatment of kukunak roga is  
(A) Snehana  
(B) Vamana  
(C) Virechana  
(D) Pratisarana
- (119) Quantity of karnapurana is [in vakamatra]  
(A) 500  
(B) 800  
(C) 1000  
(D) 1200
- (120) According to Sharangdhara total number netra kalpana is  
(A) 6  
(B) 7  
(C) 8  
(D) 9

- (121) Parvani is which type of eye disorder  
(A) Sandhigata  
(B) Shuklagata  
(C) Sarvagata  
(D) Drashtigata
- (122) 'Pashupat varti' is used in which disease  
(A) Nimesh  
(B) Anjanamika  
(C) Lagana  
(D) Vartmārsh
- (123) Contraindication of ghritapana is  
(A) Jeerna pratiśyaya  
(B) Kasa  
(C) Pandu  
(D) Nutan pratiśyaya
- (124) Dosa present in apinasa roga is  
(A) Vata kapha  
(B) Vata pitta  
(C) Kapha pitta  
(D) Tridoshaja
- (125) Vidirna auśta is due to  
(A) Vataja  
(B) Pittaja  
(C) Raktaja  
(D) Abhighataja
- (126) Sarvasar roga is  
(A) Visarpa  
(B) Mukhapaka  
(C) Tundikeri  
(D) Prameha
- (127) Agnikarma is done in which shiroroga  
(A) Suryavarta  
(B) Ardhavbhedaka  
(C) Anantvata  
(D) Shankaka
- (128) Vyadhi satmya is  
(A) Roga  
(B) Rupa  
(C) Upaśaya  
(D) Anupaśaya
- (129) Which is not madhayam margaja roga  
(A) Kasa  
(B) Swasa  
(C) Arsha  
(D) All
- (130) Which is included in Devayapashraya chikitsa  
(A) Aushadha  
(B) Upavasa  
(C) Bhaya  
(D) Both a & b

- (131) Contraindicated in granthi visarpa is  
(A) Dahakarma  
(B) Pātan  
(C) Raktamokshana  
(D) None
- (132) The lakshana of vrikka vidradhi is  
(A) Parshwashool  
(B) Parshwasankoch  
(C) Kasa  
(D) Swasa
- (133) According to Vagbhatta types of shoph is  
(A) 5  
(B) 6  
(C) 7  
(D) 9
- (134) According to Carak types of udavarta is  
(A) 4  
(B) 5  
(C) 6  
(D) 7
- (135) Dosas affected in urusthambha is  
(A) Tridośa + meda  
(B) Tridośa + āmadosa  
(C) Kapha + āmadosa  
(D) Kapha + meda
- (136) Jeevadān is which type of nanatmaja vikar  
(A) Vataja  
(B) Pittaja  
(C) Kaphaja  
(D) Raktaja
- (137) Takra is used in  
(A) Vatapitta roga  
(B) Vatakapha roga  
(C) Pittakapha roga  
(D) Kapha roga
- (138) Treatment of rasapradoshaja vikara is  
(A) Langhana  
(B) Vaman  
(C) Amadosa chikitsa  
(D) All
- (139) Pratyaya is synonym of  
(A) Nidana  
(B) Purvaroop  
(C) Roopa  
(D) Upashaya
- (140) Types of vyanjaka nidana is  
(A) 2  
(B) 3  
(C) 4  
(D) 5

- (141) Which is hetuvyadhi vipreetarthkari upshaya  
(A) Upanaha in vrana  
(B) Madya sevan in madatya  
(C) Bhaya darshan in unmade  
(D) None
- (142) “Klriptibhava” is the lakshana of  
(A) Vataja jwara  
(B) Vataja unmad  
(C) Gulma  
(D) Apasmar
- (143) Rajyakshma is symptom of  
(A) Vataja gulma  
(B) Pittaja gulma  
(C) Kaphaja gulma  
(D) Sannipātaja gulma
- (144) Mahatyaya Prameh is  
(A) Sadhya  
(B) Dusadhya  
(C) Asadhya  
(D) Yapy
- (145) Which is not the dushya of kushta  
(A) Lasika  
(B) Ras  
(C) Rakta  
(D) Meda
- (146) Matasyashaklopam is the main feature of which kushta  
(A) Ekkushta  
(B) Charmakhya  
(C) Kitibha  
(D) Pama
- (147) Dosa in Alasaka roga is  
(A) Vatapitta roga  
(B) Vatakapha roga  
(C) Pittakapha roga  
(D) Kapha roga
- (148) Ardita karana aakriti is the purvaroop of  
(A) Unmad  
(B) Apasmar  
(C) Pakshaghat  
(D) All
- (149) Prakruti of jwara is  
(A) Sharira santaap  
(B) Mann santaap  
(C) Shareer & mann santaap  
(D) Ansaparshabhitaap
- (150) Treatment of shareergata Aam is  
(A) Langhana  
(B) Pachana  
(C) Both  
(D) Dhosavshechan

- (151) The srotas which gets dusta after intake of varuni madya is  
(A) Ras  
(B) Mansa  
(C) Meda  
(D) Majja
- (152) Total number of vадpadamarga is  
(A) 24  
(B) 36  
(C) 44  
(D) 46
- (153) In which nakshatra punsavan sanskar is done  
(A) Ashwin  
(B) Margashish  
(C) Pushya  
(D) All
- (154) Arishta is the synonym of  
(A) Updrava  
(B) Ardraka  
(C) Nimb  
(D) All
- (155) Which is a the drug that content katu rasa  
(A) Nimbu  
(B) Gukshur  
(C) Bhunimb  
(D) Nimb
- (156) Which is the synonym of srotas  
(A) Sira  
(B) Marga  
(C) Pantha  
(D) All
- (157) According to Carak which is not the synonym of chakitsa  
(A) Dravya  
(B) Satmya  
(C) Purnya  
(D) None
- (158) Entrance of kuti in kutipravesik is in which direction  
(A) North  
(B) South  
(C) East  
(D) Both a & c
- (159) Pippali is in which form in avar bal rogi  
(A) Kalka  
(B) Kwath  
(C) Churna  
(D) None
- (160) Which is not included in 10 yogas of bhallatak  
(A) Kshara  
(B) Guda  
(C) Taila  
(D) Lavana



- (161) Kapha anupurva chikitsa is done in  
(A) Atisara  
(B) Grahani  
(C) Madatyā  
(D) Pandu
- (162) Mishraka sneha is used in which disease  
(A) Gulma  
(B) Pandu  
(C) Unmad  
(D) Apasmar
- (163) In which disease vata should be protected in starting & end  
(A) Gulma  
(B) Pandu  
(C) Unmad  
(D) Apasmar
- (164) Which dosa mainly present in Yoni roga  
(A) Vataja  
(B) Pittaja  
(C) Raktaja  
(D) Kaphaja
- (165) Lashunadhya ghrita mainly used in which disease  
(A) Gulma  
(B) Pandu  
(C) Unmad  
(D) Apasmar
- (166) Nabhiparivritta is found in which disease  
(A) Kaphodar  
(B) Pleehodar  
(C) Jalodar  
(D) Ajatodar
- (167) Vatapurnadratisparsha is the symptom of  
(A) Sandhivata  
(B) Amavata  
(C) Udararoga  
(D) All
- (168) Muhubadham muhudravam is the symptom of  
(A) Grahani  
(B) Pravahika  
(C) Atisaar  
(D) None
- (169) Which vasthi is given in Halimaka roga  
(A) Yapana  
(B) Ksheer  
(C) Anuvasana  
(D) All
- (170) According to Dalhana which dosa is present in Chinna swasa  
(A) Vataja  
(B) Pittaja  
(C) Raktaja  
(D) Kaphaja

- (171) According to Charaka total number of vrana upakrama is  
(A) 16  
(B) 36  
(C) 60  
(D) 66
- (172) What is used in koshtagata vata  
(A) Saindhava  
(B) Lavana  
(C) Kshara  
(D) Takra
- (173) What is contraindicated in agnikarma  
(A) Shonitaagama  
(B) Asweda  
(C) Pittaprakruti  
(D) All
- (174) Types of mutrakriccha is  
(A) 5  
(B) 6  
(C) 8  
(D) 9
- (175) Which is used for removing guda sthita shalya  
(A) Kankamukha  
(B) Sinhamukha  
(C) Anguli  
(D) Kakamukha
- (176) Bhedana karma in yogyasutriya is done on  
(A) Praveshaka  
(B) Panasa  
(C) Bimbiphala  
(D) Alabu
- (177) Which rasa is not present in kshara  
(A) Madhura  
(B) Amla  
(C) Katu  
(D) Tikta
- (178) The asadhya savisha jalouka is  
(A) Indrayudha  
(B) Savarika  
(C) Pundarika  
(D) Shankamukhi
- (179) Which bandh is used in udara in vrana bandhana  
(A) Vibandh  
(B) Gophana  
(C) Khatwa  
(D) Swastika
- (180) Shuktidhauta type of vrana srava is seen in  
(A) Siragata vrana  
(B) Sandhigata vrana  
(C) Asthigata vrana  
(D) Majja gata vrana

- (181) If vrana rogi takes divaswapna then it causes  
(A) Shoth  
(B) Raga  
(C) Ruja  
(D) Mrityu
- (182) What is the size of suchi for sandhiseevan  
(A) 1 angula  
(B) 2 angula  
(C) 3 angula  
(D) 4 angula
- (183) Panas asthi sum swarupa of arsha is found in which dosa prakopa  
(A) Vataja  
(B) Pittaja  
(C) Raktaja  
(D) Kaphaja
- (184) Dhoompana in prameha is  
(A) Pathya  
(B) Apathya  
(C) Nishidha  
(D) None
- (185) Varatidrasta sansthana shotha is present in  
(A) Sheetpitta  
(B) Udarda  
(C) Koth  
(D) Kitibha
- (186) Chayavanprash is  
(A) Medhavrudhi  
(B) Ayuvrudhi  
(C) Vatanulomana  
(D) All
- (187) Wuchereria Bancrofti is a Causative factor of  
(A) Malaria  
(B) Filariasis  
(C) Kala Azar  
(D) Dengue
- (188) Morphine is obtained from  
(A) *Papaver somniferum*  
(B) *Vatera indica*  
(C) *Boswellia serrate*  
(D) *Cannabis sativa*
- (189) The Useful part of Jivaka is  
(A) Gall  
(B) Stembark  
(C) Stigma  
(D) Tuber
- (190) Updha is the synonym of  
(A) Moksha  
(B) Aasan  
(C) Bhallataka  
(D) Trisna

**(191) In which month Special care of pregnant woman is required**

- (A) 6**
- (B) 7**
- (C) 8**
- (D) 9**

**(192) Anupan of Pushyanag churana is**

- (A) Tandolodak**
- (B) Madhu**
- (C) Both**
- (D) None**

**(193) First sign of Ulcerative Colitis is**

- (A) constipation**
- (B) bloody diarrhea**
- (C) progressive loosening of the stool**
- (D) abdominal pain**

**(194) ASLO blood test is related with**

- (A) Rheumatoid arthritis**
- (B) Arthritis**
- (C) Ulcerative Colitis**
- (D) T.B.**

**(195) The treatment of Sadhya Artava dosh is**

- (A) Sanshodhan**
- (B) Utter vasti**
- (C) pitral ahar vihar**
- (D) both b & c**

**(196) The shape of pittaja ashmari is**

- (A) bhallatakasthi nibham**
- (B) kadambhpushpvat**
- (C) kukakutanad sam**
- (D) none**

**(197) The madhu varna ashmari is**

- (A) Vataja**
- (B) Pittaja**
- (C) kaphaja**
- (D) Sannipataja**

**(198) Shukpurna is symptom of which kanda bhagna**

- (A) Vakra**
- (B) Sphutita**
- (C) chinna**
- (D) Pichchhita**

**(199) Dhutu satamaya & vikaroshaman is a symptom of**

- (A) Arogaya**
- (B) Rogmukti**
- (C) Vikruti**
- (D) None**

**(200) The first bone to ossify and its epiphysis appears last -**

- (A) Clavicle**
- (B) Scapula**
- (C) femur**
- (D) Carpal bone**

**Shyam-Vidya Ayurved P.G. Entrance Coaching Center, Bhopal (M.P.)  
Hyderabad PG - 2009**

**By- Dr. Neelima Singh (M.D.) Mob. 09993961427, 09826438399**

<b>Answer sheet – Hyderabad PG 2009</b>				
1. <b>A</b>	21. <b>D</b>	41. <b>D</b>	61. <b>A</b>	81. <b>B</b>
2. <b>B</b>	22. <b>A</b>	42. <b>D</b>	62. <b>A</b>	82. <b>C</b>
3. <b>C</b>	23. <b>B</b>	43. <b>B</b>	63. <b>C</b>	83. <b>C</b>
4. <b>D</b>	24. <b>A</b>	44. <b>C</b>	64. <b>C</b>	84. <b>C</b>
5. <b>D</b>	25. <b>D</b>	45. <b>D</b>	65. <b>D</b>	85. <b>A</b>
6. <b>B</b>	26. <b>B</b>	46. <b>D</b>	66. <b>C</b>	86. <b>B</b>
7. <b>B</b>	27. <b>B</b>	47. <b>B</b>	67. <b>B</b>	87. <b>A</b>
8. <b>B</b>	28. <b>A</b>	48. <b>B</b>	68. <b>A</b>	88. <b>D</b>
9. <b>C</b>	29. <b>C</b>	49. <b>A</b>	69. <b>A</b>	89. <b>A</b>
10. <b>C</b>	30. <b>A</b>	50. <b>C</b>	70. <b>C</b>	90. <b>C</b>
11. <b>C</b>	31. <b>A</b>	51. <b>C</b>	71. <b>D</b>	91. <b>A</b>
12. <b>A</b>	32. <b>B</b>	52. <b>D</b>	72. <b>B</b>	92. <b>C</b>
13. <b>C</b>	33. <b>B</b>	53. <b>D</b>	73. <b>A</b>	93. <b>B</b>
14. <b>A</b>	34. <b>A</b>	54. <b>A</b>	74. <b>D</b>	94. <b>D</b>
15. <b>C</b>	35. <b>A</b>	55. <b>C</b>	75. <b>D</b>	95. <b>C</b>
16. <b>A</b>	36. <b>D</b>	56. <b>C</b>	76. <b>B</b>	96. <b>A</b>
17. <b>C</b>	37. <b>A</b>	57. <b>A</b>	77. <b>A</b>	97. <b>B</b>
18. <b>C</b>	38. <b>A</b>	58. <b>B</b>	78. <b>B</b>	98. <b>B</b>
19. <b>D</b>	39. <b>A</b>	59. <b>C</b>	79. <b>B</b>	99. <b>C</b>
20. <b>B</b>	40. <b>A</b>	60. <b>A</b>	80. <b>A</b>	100. <b>C</b>

101. <b>A</b>	121. <b>A</b>	141. <b>B</b>	161. <b>C</b>	181. <b>C</b>
102. <b>D</b>	122. <b>C</b>	142. <b>A</b>	162. <b>A</b>	182. <b>B</b>
103. <b>B</b>	123. <b>D</b>	143. <b>C</b>	163. <b>A</b>	183. <b>D</b>
104. <b>B</b>	124. <b>A</b>	144. <b>C</b>	164. <b>A</b>	184. <b>B</b>
105. <b>D</b>	125. <b>D</b>	145. <b>B</b>	165. <b>C</b>	185. <b>A</b>
106. <b>C</b>	126. <b>B</b>	146. <b>A</b>	166. <b>C</b>	186. <b>D</b>
107. <b>C</b>	127. <b>D</b>	147. <b>B</b>	167. <b>A</b>	187. <b>B</b>
108. <b>A</b>	128. <b>C</b>	148. <b>A</b>	168. <b>A</b>	188. <b>A</b>
109. <b>D</b>	129. <b>D</b>	149. <b>C</b>	169. <b>D</b>	189. <b>D</b>
110. <b>C</b>	130. <b>D</b>	150. <b>C</b>	170. <b>B</b>	190. <b>D</b>
111. <b>D</b>	131. <b>D</b>	151. <b>C</b>	171. <b>B</b>	191. <b>C</b>
112. <b>C</b>	132. <b>B</b>	152. <b>C</b>	172. <b>C</b>	192. <b>C</b>
113. <b>B</b>	133. <b>D</b>	153. <b>C</b>	173. <b>D</b>	193. <b>C</b>
114. <b>D</b>	134. <b>C</b>	154. <b>C</b>	174. <b>C</b>	194. <b>A</b>
115. <b>D</b>	135. <b>B</b>	155. <b>C</b>	175. <b>C</b>	195. <b>D</b>
116. <b>D</b>	136. <b>B</b>	156. <b>D</b>	176. <b>A</b>	196. <b>A</b>
117. <b>C</b>	137. <b>B</b>	157. <b>D</b>	177. <b>B</b>	197. <b>B</b>
118. <b>B</b>	138. <b>A</b>	158. <b>D</b>	178. <b>A</b>	198. <b>B</b>
119. <b>C</b>	139. <b>A</b>	159. <b>C</b>	179. <b>A</b>	199. <b>A</b>
120. <b>B</b>	140. <b>A</b>	160. <b>A</b>	180. <b>C</b>	200. <b>A</b>